

Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Task Number: 71-9-1100

Task Title: Conduct Operational Movement (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary
	ADP 3-0	Unified Land Operations	No	No
	FM 5-0	THE OPERATIONS PROCESS	No	No
	JP 3-0 CH 1	JOINT OPERATIONS	Yes	No
	JP 3-35	Joint Deployment and Redeployment Operations	Yes	Yes

Condition: The command is conducting or preparing to conduct operations as a Joint Task Force, Joint Force Land Component, Army Forces, or Army Service Component Command headquarters. The command's headquarters may or may not have integrated Joint staff augmentation, liaisons, unit, and individual attachments. The command has received an operations plan, warning, operations, or fragmentary order from higher headquarters and is exercising mission command. The commander has issued guidance on conducting operational movement. Communications are established with subordinate and adjacent units, and higher headquarters. The mission command system is operational and processing information in accordance with standard operating procedures. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP.

Standard: The staff conducts operational movement to deploy, shift, regroup, or move joint or multinational operational formations within the joint operations area to secure or retain positional advantage, relative to enemy locations. The staff coordinates the movement of forces by any means (joint, multinational, host-nation, or third-country) or mode (air, land, or sea) to attain operational objectives and develop a plan for movement in order to deliver, or threaten delivery of fires, in order to accomplish the mission.

Note: Task steps and performance measures may not apply to every unit or echelon. Prior to evaluation, coordination should be made between evaluator and the evaluated units' higher headquarters to determine the performance measures that may not be evaluated.

Special Equipment: None

Safety Level: Low

Task Statements

Cue: None

DANGER

Leaders have an inherent responsibility to conduct Composite Risk Management to ensure the safety of all Soldiers and promote mission accomplishment.

WARNING

Composite Risk Management is the Army's primary decision-making process to identify hazards, reduce risk, and prevent both accidental and tactical loss. All soldiers have the responsibility to learn and understand the risks associated with this task.

CAUTION

Identifying hazards and controlling risks across the full spectrum of Army functions, operations, and activities is the responsibility of all Soldiers.

Remarks: While Army doctrine has changed to mission command over command and control (C2 - which is now a component of mission command), and changed from using ISR (Intelligence, Reconnaissance and Surveillance) to information collection (comprised of reconnaissance and surveillance, security operations, and intelligence operations), joint doctrine still retains the primacy of C2 over mission command as well as the use of ISR. Commanders and staffs of Army headquarters serving as a joint task force, joint force land component command, Army forces, or Army service component command headquarters should refer to applicable joint or multinational doctrine for the exercise and use of C2 and ISR.

Notes: Task content last updated: 12 January 2012

TASK STEPS

1. The staff plans and prepares for operational movement:

- a. Identifies mission requirements including force requirements.
- b. Integrates intelligence products into the planning process to include threat and infrastructure assessments.
- c. Determines objective--enemy center of gravity (COG) or decisive points (DP).
- d. Determines purpose of movement--sets terms of battle by time and location or decline battle or exploit existing situations.
- e. Issues and updates the commander's intent.
- f. Determines sequence, time, method and location for entering the joint operations area (JOA).
- g. Analyzes the resource network to include personnel available, allies/coalition partners, and other government agency resources.
- h. Coordinates land, sea, and air mobility options available to the force.
- i. Conducts Information Operations (IO), Operations Security (OPSEC), deception, Military Information Support Operations(MISO), Public Affairs (PA), and Civil Affairs (CA).
- j. Monitors to ensure components are planning simultaneously.
- k. Mobilizes and prepares individuals, units and material to a state of readiness appropriate for movement.
- l. Begins Special Operations (SO), in preparation for movement, as appropriate.
- m. Controls the littoral area, sustains and supports joint operations if appropriate.

2. The staff monitors the execution of operational movements:

- a. Establishes and operates the Joint Movement Center (JMC).
- b. Schedules movement.
- c. Controls movement.
- d. Maintains the agility and versatility of the moving force.
- e. Tracks the force.
- f. Monitors force integration between components, services, allies/coalition members.
- g. Coordinates close air support.
- h. Coordinates fires to compliment maneuver.
- i. Assesses the operational environment.

3. The staff sustains operational movement:

a. Maintains sufficient levels of personnel to sustain joint operations at the desired level of intensity for the duration of the operation.

b. Maintains sufficient levels of material to sustain joint operations at the desired level of intensity for the duration of the operation.

c. Establishes the logistics section and other logistics boards and cells.

d. Identifies liaison requirements with higher, lower and functional counterparts.

e. Organizes the Joint Task Force (JTF) Engineering Cell.

f. Organizes JTF Medical Cell.

(Asterisks indicates a leader performance step.)

PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO	N/A
1. The staff conducted planning and preparation:			
a. Identified mission requirements including force requirements.			
b. Integrated intelligence products into the planning process to include threat and infrastructure assessments.			
c. Determined objective--enemy center of gravity (COG) or decisive points (DP).			
d. Determined purpose of movement--sets terms of battle by time and location or decline battle or exploit existing situations.			
e. Issued and updated the commander's intent.			
f. Determined sequence, time, method and location for entering the joint operations area (JOA).			
g. Analyzed the resource network to include personnel available, allies/coalition partners, and other government agency resources.			
h. Coordinated land, sea, and air mobility options available to the force.			
i. Conducted Information Operations (IO), Operations Security (OPSEC), deception, Military Information Support Operations(MISO), Public Affairs (PA), and Civil Affairs (CA).			
j. Monitored to ensure components are planning simultaneously.			
k. Mobilized and prepared individuals, units and material to a state of readiness appropriate for movement.			
l. Identified Special Operations (SO), in preparation for movement, as appropriate.			
m. Controlled the littoral area, sustained and supported joint operations if appropriate.			
2. The staff monitored the execution of operational movemnets:			
a. Established and operated the Joint Movement Center (JMC).			
b. Scheduled movement.			
c. Controlled movement.			
d. Maintained the agility and versatility of the moving force.			
e. Tracked the force.			
f. Monitored force integration between components, services, allies/coalition members.			
g. Coordinated close air support.			
h. Coordinated fires to compliment maneuver.			
i. Coordinated fires to compliment maneuver.			
j. Assessed the operational environment.			
3. The staff sustained operational movement:			
a. Maintained sufficient levels of personnel to sustain joint operations at the desired level of intensity for the duration of the operation.			
b. Maintained sufficient levels of material to sustain joint operations at the desired level of intensity for the duration of the operation.			
c. Established the logistics section and other logistics boards and cells.			
d. Identified liaison requirements with higher, lower and functional counterparts.			
e. Organized the Joint Task Force (JTF) Engineering Cell.			
f. Organized JTF Medical Cell.			

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES EVALUATED							
TOTAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES GO							
TRAINING STATUS GO/NO-GO							

ITERATION: 1 2 3 4 5 M

COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT: T P U

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP: Sometimes

MOPP Statement: None

NVG: Never

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-8-1200	Control Tactical Maneuver (Battalion-Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-4124	Manage Movement Control (Brigade - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-5113	Develop Commander's Critical Information Requirements (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-5121	Establish Coordination and Liaison (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-3240	Suppress Enemy Air Defenses (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

Supporting Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	71-8-1200	Control Tactical Maneuver (Battalion-Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-4124	Manage Movement Control (Brigade - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-5124	Revise the Plan (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-5141	Monitor Situation or Progress of Operations (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-5144	Develop Running Estimates (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-8-5316	Display a Common Operational Picture Tailored to User Needs (Battalion - Corps)	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-2421	Provide Indications and Warnings for the Joint Operational Area (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved
	71-9-3240	Suppress Enemy Air Defenses (Division Echelon and Above [Operational])	71 - Combined Arms (Collective)	Approved

Supporting Individual Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	150-718-2010	Prepare an Operations Plan/Order using the Military Decision Making Process-Assistant Application on the AN/PYQ-6 Series Maneuver Contro (6.4.4.3P7)	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5111	Participate in the Military Decision Making Process	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5112	Participate in Mission Analysis	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5119	Prepare an Operations Order	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5120	Participate in Receipt of Mission Planning	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5144	Prepare a Running Estimate	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved
	150-718-5315	Establish the Common Operational Picture	150 - Combined Arms (Individual)	Approved

Supporting Drill Task(s): None

TADSS

Step ID	TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
No TADSS specified				

Equipment (LIN)

Step ID	LIN	Nomenclature	Qty
No equipment specified			

Materiel Items (NSN)

Step ID	NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No equipment specified				

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to FM 3-34.5 Environmental Considerations and GTA 05-08-002 ENVIRONMENTAL-RELATED RISK ASSESSMENT

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with FM 5-19, Composite Risk Management. Leaders will complete a DA Form 7566 COMPOSITE RISK MANAGEMENT WORKSHEET during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW FM 3-11.4, NBC Protection, FM 3-11.5, CBRN Decontamination. .